

# Use of Closed-Circuit In-line Suction

## When to use Closed-Circuit Suction?

- Patients with suspected or proven COVID-19 (or respiratory tract infections)
- High PEEP on ventilator and concerns regarding de-recruitment on disconnection

## Benefits of Closed-Circuit Suction

- Avoids disconnection from ventilator
- Reduces aerosol generating procedures (AGPs)
- Reduces risk of ventilator associated pneumonia

## Setting up the Closed-Circuit Suction

Select correct catheter size = ETT (Size) - 2  
(e.g. 7fr suction catheter for a size 3.5 ETT)  
[if catheter is too large it will occlude the ETT]

Select the correct size Y connector from the set. The Y connector replaces the Portex connector on the end of ETT (but do not throw this away)

For ETT ≤ 6.0 Connect the Y connector to the ETT  
For ETT > 6.0 suction catheter connects to Portex Connector  
(it is useful to loosen the Portex connector on the ETT prior to intubating)

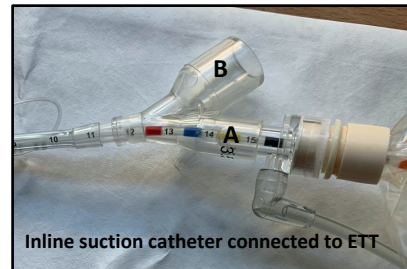
Connect the suction catheter to the smaller port on Y connector [A on picture]  
and the ventilator tubing to the larger port on Y connector [B on picture]

Attach daily change sticker across the bottom of suction control valve.  
The catheter should be changed every 24 hours

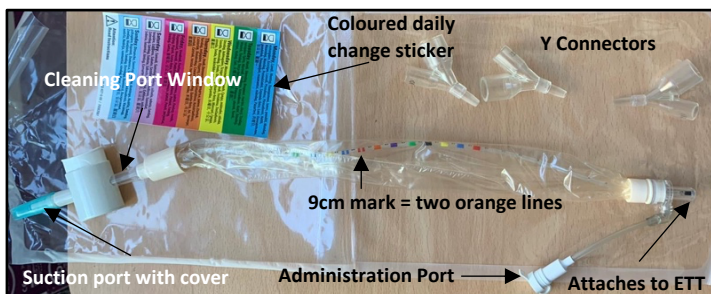
Y connector  
placed on ETT



Portex  
Connector



Inline suction catheter connected to ETT



Age	Suction mmHg	Suction kPa
Neonate	80-150	8-12
Children	150-200	12-15
Adolescents	200-250	15-18



Suction connected  
to Y Connector

To calculate length of suction catheter that needs to be inserted into ETT tube:

Record the last visible cm mark on ETT before suction port \_\_\_\_ cm and add 5cm

**This is the mark you should see in the Y connector when suction catheter has been advanced to the correct position (e.g. 4+5 = 9 cm = 2 orange marks (see photo above))**

## Using In-line Suction for Secretion Clearance

Follow SORT secretion clearance guideline

### Differences for in-line suction:

- Advance suction catheter down ETT, allowing plastic sleeve to slide back over catheter, until you see the correct coloured strip in the Y connector
- Apply suction by depressing the suction button. Slowly withdraw the catheter, until the black suction catheter tip is in the Y connector
- The suction catheter should be cleaned after each use. With black tip in Y connector, apply suction and at same time instil 1ml of saline via administration port
- Disconnect suction tubing and replace blue cap
- If using saline lavage whilst suctioning, advance the suction catheter slightly and tilt the ETT downwards. Instil saline via administration port

## Potential Complications!

- **ACCIDENTAL EXTUBATION:** Loosen Portex ETT connector *before intubation* and hold ETT during suctioning. Have an airway trolley ready and reintubate if concern regarding ETT dislodgement.
- **DISCONNECTION:** Avoid disconnection by holding ETT and Y connector throughout suctioning. Ensure that appropriate PPE is used for AGPs. Reconnect ASAP
- **TRACHEAL TRAUMA:** Avoid advancing suction catheter too far. Suction to calculated length only
- **SUDDEN DETERIORATION:** Give 100% Oxygen and search/treat most likely causes; *Accidental extubation - ensure E<sub>T</sub>CO<sub>2</sub> waveform present or ETT occluded by suction catheter OR secretions - Check patency with suction catheter*
- If suction catheter cover inflates, remove the catheter from the Y connector and disconnect the suction, squeeze air out of the catheter bag and replace suction
- If catheter is not suctioning, flush suction catheter with saline, it may be blocked
- It is important to fully withdraw the catheter to avoid occlusion of ETT